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Ορθοπαιδικός Χειρουργός, Διδάκτωρ Πανεπιστημίου Αθηνών

Πύργος Αθηνών, Κτίριο Γ΄, 2^{ος} όροφος, Λεωφ. Μεσογείων 2–4, Αθήνα 115 27 **Τηλ.: 210 7712792** | Κινητό: 697 20 999 11 | E-mail: cky@orthosurgery.gr Hip Arthroscopy Partial Psoas Release with or without FAI Component/ Labral Debridement

General Guidelines:

- Normalize gait pattern with brace and crutches

Stress extension phase of gait

- Weight-bearing as per procedure performed
- Continuous Passive Motion
 - 4 hours/day or 2 hours if on bike
- Usually in more pain

Rehabilitation Goals:

- Seen post-op Day 1
- Seen 1x/week for first month
- Seen 2x/week for second month
- Seen 2-3x/week for third month

Precautions following Hip Arthroscopy: (Debridement/Iliopsoas Release)

- Weight-bearing will be determined by procedure
- Hip flexors tendonitis
- Trochanteric bursitis
- Synovitis
- Manage scarring around portal sites and hip flexor region
- Increase range of motion focusing on rotation and flexion

Guidelines:

- Weeks 0-2
- CPM for 4 hours/day
- Bike for 20 minutes/day (can be 2x/day)
- Scar massage to portals and hip flexor tendon
- Hip PROM as tolerated
- Supine hip log rolling for rotation
- Bent Knee Fall Outs
- Hip isometrics NO FLEXION

ABD/ADD/EXT/ER/IR

- Pelvic tilts
- Supine bridges
- NMES to quads with SAQ
- Stool rotations (Hip AAROM ER/IR)

- Quadruped rocking for hip flexion
- Sustained stretching for psoas with cryotherapy (2 pillows under hips)
- Stool hip flexor stretch
- Gait training PWB with bilateral crutches
- Modalities
- Weeks 2-4
 - Continue with previous therex
 - Progress Weight-bearing
 - Wean off crutches (2 1 0)
- Progress with hip ROM
 - . External Rotation with FABER
 - . Prone hip rotations (ER/IR)
 - . BAPS rotations in standing
- Glut/piriformis stretch
- Progress core strengthening (avoid hip flexor tendonitis)
- Progress with hip strengthening isotonics all directions except flexion
 - Start isometric sub max pain free hip flexion(3-4 wks)
- Step downs
- Clam shells isometric side-lying hip abduction
- Hip Hiking (week 4)
- Begin proprioception/balance training
 - Balance boards, single leg stance
- Bike / Elliptical
- Scar massage
- Bilateral Cable column rotations
- Treadmill side stepping from level surface holding on inclines (week 4)
- Aqua therapy in low end of water
- Weeks 4-8
 - Continue with previous therex
 - Progress with ROM
- Hip Joint mobs with mobilization belt
 - . Lateral and inferior with rotation
 - . Prone posterior-anterior glides with rotation
- Hip flexor and It-band Stretching manual and self
- Progress strengthening LE

- . Introduce hip flexion isotonics (Be aware of hip flexion tendonitis)
- . Multi-hip machine (open/closed chain)
- . Leg press (bilateral unilateral)
- . Isokinetics: knee flexion/extension
- Progress core strengthening (avoid hip flexor tendonitis)
 - Prone/side planks
- Progress with proprioception/balance
 - Bilateral unilateral foam dynadisc
- Progress cable column rotations -unilateral foam
- Side stepping with theraband
- Hip hiking on Stairmaster
- Weeks 8-12
 - . Progressive hip ROM
 - . Progressive LE and core strengthening
 - . Endurance activities around the hip
 - . Dynamic balance activities
- Weeks 12-16
 - . Progressive LE and core strengthening
 - . Plyometrics
 - . Treadmill running program
 - . Sport specific agility drills
- 3, 6, 12 months Re-Evaluate (Criteria for discharge)
- Hip Outcome Score
- Pain free or at least a manageable level of discomfort
- MMT within 10 percent of uninvolved LE
- Biodex test of Quadriceps and Hamstrings peak torque within 15 percent of uninvolved
- Single leg cross-over triple hop for distance:
 - Score of less than 85% are considered abnormal for male and female
- Step down Test